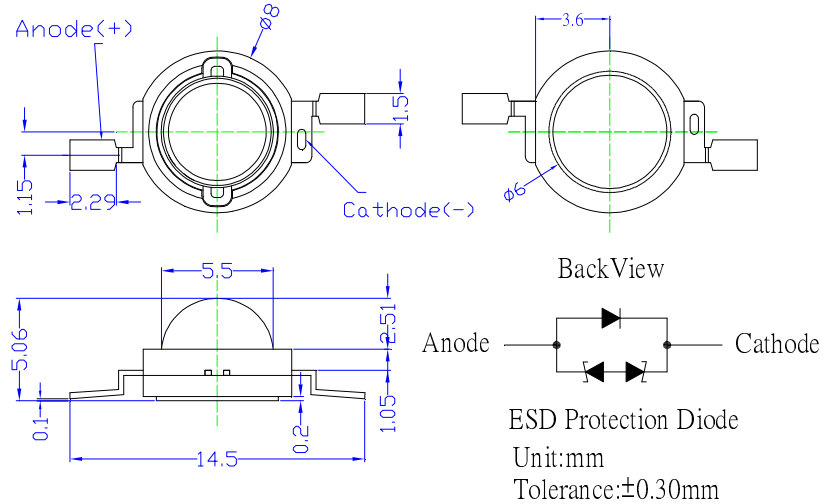


Xeon 1 Power Pure White LED**OSW4XNE1E1E****VER C.2****■Features**

- Highest Luminous Flux
- Super energy efficiency
- Long Lifetime Operation
- Built-in Zener Diode For ESD Protection
- Superior UV Resistance

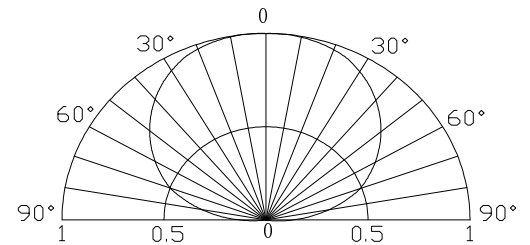
■Applications

- Read lights (car, bus, aircraft)
- Portable (flashlight, bicycle)
- Bollards / Security / Garden
- Traffic signaling / Beacons
- In door / Out door Commercial lights
- Automotive Ext

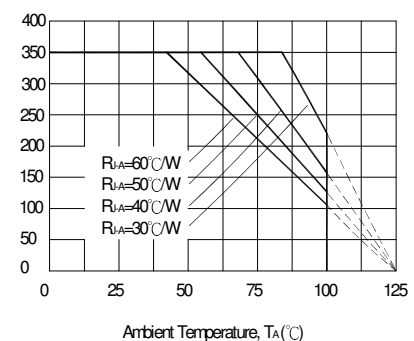
■Outline Dimension**■Absolute Maximum Rating****(Ta=25°C)**

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
DC Forward Current	I_F	400	mA
Pulse Forward Current*	I_{FP}	500	mA
Reverse Voltage	V_R	5	V
Power Dissipation	P_D	1600	mW
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}	-30 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-40 ~ +100	°C
Lead Soldering Temperature	T_{sol}	260°C/5sec	-

*Pulse width Max.10ms Duty ratio max 1/10

■Directivity**■Electrical -Optical Characteristics****(Ta=25°C)**

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
DC Forward Voltage	V_F	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	3.0	3.3	4.0	V
DC Reverse Current	I_R	$V_R=5\text{V}$	-	-	10	μA
Luminous Flux	Φ_v	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	110	120	-	lm
Color Temperature	CCT	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	-	6500	-	K
Chromaticity Coordinates*	x	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	-	0.31	-	-
	y	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	-	0.33	-	-
50% Power Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	-	140	-	deg

■Forward Operating Current (DC)

Note: Don't drive at rated current more than 5s without heat sink for Xeon 1 emitter series.

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■ Soldering Heat Reliability :

Reflow soldering Profile

- Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
- When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.
- Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the **characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.**

Solder
Average ramp-up rate = 3°C/sec. max.
Preheat temperature: 150°~180°C
Preheat time = 120 sec. max.
Ramp-down rate = 6°C/sec. max.
Peak temperature = 220°C max.
Time within 3°C of actual peak temperature = 25 sec. max.
Duration above 200°C is 40 sec. max.

